# **IMPERATIVE BUSINESS VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED** ANNUAL ACCOUNTS FOR FY 2018-2019



# Mandar Joshi & Company

Chartered Accountants (Since 2012)

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mrjoshi1986

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To

The Members of Imperative Business Ventures Private Limited Report on the audit of the financial statements

# **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Imperative Business Ventures Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31, 2019, and the Statement of Profit and Loss and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2019, its profit (or Loss)\* and cash flows for the year ended on that date.

# Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards on auditing specified under section 143 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the code of ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the code of ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Reporting of key audit matters as per SA 701, Key Audit Matters are not applicable to the Company as it is an unlisted company.

# Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Company's board of directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Management's responsibility for the financial statements

The Company's board of directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134 (5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The board of directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

THANE 133423VV We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

# Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

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As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the Annexure "A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- (c) The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss, and the cash flow statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2019 taken on record by the board of directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2019 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- (f) Since the Company's turnover as per last audited financial statements is less than Rs.50 Crores and its borrowings from banks and financial institutions at any time during the year is less than Rs.25 Crores, the Company is exempted from getting an audit opinion with respect to

the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls vide notification dated June 13, 2017; and

- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us;
- a. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
- b. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses; and
- c. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company

For Mandar Joshi and Company

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No 144292

CA. Mandar Joshi

**Proprietor** 

Membership No. 144292

UDIN: 19144292AAAABL5273

Place: Thane

Date: 6th September, 2019

Annexure "A" to the Independent Auditor's Report\*

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on other legal and regulatory requirements' section of our report to the members of Imperative Business Ventures Private Limited of  $31^{st}$  March 2019)

- 1. In respect of the Company's fixed assets:
- (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
- (b) The fixed assets of the Company were physically verified in full by the management during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us and as examined by us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the records examined by us, we report that the Company does not hold any freehold, are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date. In respect of immovable properties of land and building that have been taken on lease and disclosed as fixed assets in the financial statements, the lease agreements are in the name of the Company.
- 2. The company does not hold any inventory as the company is purely into service industry
- 3. According to information and explanation given to us, the company has granted loans to the associate company and has maintained the registers required under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. In respect of the aforesaid loans, the parties are repaying the principal amounts as stipulated and are also regular in payment of interest, where applicable.
- 4. In our opinion and according to information and explanation given to us, the company has not granted any loans or provided any guarantees or given any security or made any investments to which the provision of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (iv) of the order is not applicable.
- 5. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not accepted any deposits and accordingly paragraph 3 (v) of the order is not applicable.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no Order has been passed by the Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any Court or any other Tribunal on the company in respect of the aforesaid deposits.

- 6. The Central Government of India has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act for any of the activities of the company and accordingly paragraph 3 (vi) of the order is not applicable.
- 7. In respect of statutory dues:



(a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues have been generally regularly deposited during the year by the company with the appropriate authorities.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at March 31, 2019 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, there are no dues of income-tax, sales- tax, service tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise and value added tax which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- 8 In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has no outstanding dues to any financial institutions or banks or any government or any debenture holders during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (viii) of the order is not applicable.
- 9. The term loans taken during the year have been applied for the purposes for which those are raised. The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments).
- 10. To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.

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- 11. The company is a private limited company and hence provision of section 197 read with schedule V of the companies Act are not applicable. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xi) of the order is not applicable.
- 12. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and accordingly, paragraph 3 (xii) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- 13. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Act. Where applicable, the details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

- According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xiv) of the order is not applicable.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with them. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the order is not applicable.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

For Mandar Joshi and Company

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No.144292

CA Mandar Joshi

Proprietor

Membership No. 144292

UDIN: 19144292AAAABL5273

Place: Mumbai

Date: 6<sup>th</sup> September, 2019

# Appendix - I

Annexure "B" to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) under 'Report on other legal and regulatory requirements' section of our report to the Members of Imperative Business Ventures Private Limited of even date)

Report on the internal financial controls over financial reporting under clause (i) of sub – section 3 of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Imperative Business Ventures Private Limited ("the Company") as at March 31, 2019, in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

# Management's responsibility for internal financial controls

The board of directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

# Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the standards on auditing prescribed under Section 143 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those standards and the guidance note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a

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material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial control system over financial reporting.

# Meaning of internal financial controls over financial reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management of override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

# **Opinion**

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial control system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2019, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in

the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

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For Mandar Joshi and Company

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No.133423W

**Proprietor** 

Membership No. 144292

UDIN: 19144292AAAABL5273

Place: Mumbai

Date: 6th September, 2019

# IMPERATIVE BUSINESS VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Endin		2019
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Net Income		48,52,834
Add: Expenses Not Requiring Cash:		
Depreciation	73,61,288	
Income Tax		
Differed Tax		
Less Tax of Previous year	342	
Other		73,61,288
Add:- Decrease in Current Assets :-		
Inventories		
Trade receivables	52,21,113	
Short-term loans and advances	390	
		52,21,113
Less :- Increase in Current Assets :-		,,
Current Investment	3,29,21,990	
Short-term loans and advances	37,56,478	
Trade receivable	37,50,170	
Short-term loans and advances	0.2	
Other current assets		
Other current assets	5) 16 610	
Other current assets	51,16,619	4,17,95,087
	9	4,17,95,007
Add:- Increase in Current Liability :		
Short Term Borrowings	7.0	
Trade payables	7,16,793	
Other current liabilities	12	
Short-term provisions	36,68,135	
		43,84,928
Less;- Decrease in Current Liabilities-		
Short Term Borrowings	180	
Trade payables	1.5	
Short Term Provision	14	
Short-term provisions	240	
Other current liabilities	15,01,929	
		15,01,929
Net Cash from Operating Activities		(2.14,76,854
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Add:- Sale of Fixed Assets		
Less:- Purchase of New Equipment		2,04,36,412
Add:- Investments Decreased		
Less:- Investments Increased		5.
Other		
Net Cash Used for Investing Activities		(2,04,36,412
Add Share Capital		
Add Issue Share Capital		50,00,000
Add:- Long-term borrowings		3,80,16,628
Add Other		
Net Cash from Financing Activities		4,30,16,628
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH		11,03,363
CASH, & CASH EQUIVALENT AT THEBEGIN	VING OF YEAR	32,64,368
CASH, & CASH EQUIVALENT AT THE		43,67,731

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For Mandar Joshi and Company

Chartered Accountants

Riace: Thane

Date: 5th September, 2019

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(MANAGING DIRECTOR)

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# IMPERATIVE BUSINESS VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED Standalone Balance Sheet As On 31st March, 2019

Particulars	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018
			Rs.
A EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1 Shareholders' funds			
(a) Share capital	1	1,00,00,000	50,00,000
(b) Reserves and surplus	2	99,83,968	51,31,134
2 Non-current liabilities			
(a) Long-term borrowings	3	5,72,53,211	1,92,36,583
(b) Deferred tax liabilities (net)		¥	
3 Current liabilities			
(a) Short Term Borrowings		-	<del></del>
(b) Trade payables	4	16,07,525	8,90,732
(c) Other current liabilities	5	18,52,933	33,54,862
(d) Short-term provisions	6	65,54,034	28,85,899
TOTAL		8,72,51,671	3,64,99,209
B ASSETS			
1 Non-current assets			
(a) Fixed assets			1.05.10.462
(i) Tangible assets	7	2,35,87,588	1,05,12,463
(b) Non-current investments		*	7度
2 Current assets			
(a) Current Investments	8	3,82,43,396	53,21,406
(b) Trade receivables	9	61,31,642	1,13,52,755
(c) Cash and cash equivalents	10	43,67,731	32,64,368
(d) Short-term loans and advances	11	65,43,679	27,87,201
(e) Other Current assets	12	83,77,635	32,61,016
TOTAL		8,72,51,671	3,64,99,209

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

In terms of our report attached.

For Mandar Joshi and Company

Chartered Accountants

Place: Thane

Date: 5th September, 2019

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(MANAGING DIRECTOR)

(DIRECTOR)

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IMPERATIVE BUSINESS VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED
'ATEMENT OF STANDALONE PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 20
Particulars

Note For the year ended
No. 31st March, 2019

Rs. Rs.

A CONTINUING OPERATIONS

		No.	31st March, 2019	31st March, 2018
			Rs.	Rs.
A	CONTINUING OPERATIONS			
1	Revenue from operations (gross) Less: Excise Duty	13	7,39,00,697	3,68,61,404
	Revenue from operations (net)		7,39,00,697	3,68,61,404
2	Other Income	14	20,41,808	26,07,662
3	Total Revenue (1+2)		7,59,42,504	3,94,69,066
4	Expenses (a) Cost of materials consumed	15	17,62,860	3,50,603
	(b) Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade	10	=,,-	7726
	(c) Employee benefits expenses	16	3,54,48,161	77,90,436
	(d) Finance costs	17	26,81,457	7 95,333
	(e) Depreciation and amortisation expenses		73,61,288	30,91,073
	(f) Other expenses	18	2,02,05,953	2,15,35,806
	Total Expenses		6,74,59,718	3,35,63,250
5	Profit / (Loss) before exceptional & extraordinary items and tax (3 - 4)		84,82,786	59,05,815
	Exceptional Items			20,57,655
6	Profit / (Loss) before extraordinary items and tax (5 - 6)		84,82,786	38,48,160
	Tax Expenses		37,84,045	-
	<ul><li>(a) Current tax expense</li><li>(b) (Less): MAT credit (where applicable)</li></ul>		J1,07,0 <b>7</b> J	·
	(c) Current tax expense relating to prior years		=	040
	(d) Net current tax expense		*	· ·
	(e) Deferred tax		(1,54,093)	(68,262)
7	Profit / (Loss) from continuing operations (5-6)		48,52,834	39,16,423

Earning per equity share:

(1) Basic

(2) Diluted

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

4.85

4.85

In terms of our report attached.

For Mandar Joshi and Company

Chartered Accountants

Place: Thane

Date: 5th September, 2019

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**Managing Director** 

Director

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# NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

## 1 BACKGROUND AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES:

IMPERATIVE BUSINESS VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED ('the Company') was incorporated on December 19, 2011 as a Private Limited Company under the Companies Act, 2013 registered with the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra.

The company is engaged in the business of Business Process Outsourcing Services

# 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

# a) BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements have been prepared and presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in India under the historical cost convention as a going concern on an accrual basis in compliance with all material aspects of the Accounting Standards (AS) notified by the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 (as amended), and the relevant provision of the Companies Act, 1956. The Accounting Policies not referred to specifically are consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and Accounting Standards. The accounting policies have been consistently applied by the company and are consistent with those used in the previous year.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non current as per the company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Revised An assess and mannines nave over classified as current or non-current as per the company's normal operating cycle and other others are out in the Nevisco Schedule VI to the Companies Act, 1956. Based on the nature of services provided by the company and their realisation in each and cash equivalents, the company has determined its operating cycle as twelve months for the purposed of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

The Company is Small and Medium Company (SMC) based on the Companies (Accounting Standard) Rules, 2006 notified on 7th December, 2006 and accordingly the company has complied with all Accounting Standards applicable to a SMC.

# b) USE OF ESTIMATES

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in, conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the end of the reporting period. Although, these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty abount these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcome requiring a material adjustement to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, which are dealt with in the period in which the results are known/ materialized

# c) INVENTORIES

The Company does not have any Inventories as it's engaged in service industry

# d) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and balance with banks in current account

# e) TANGIBLE ASSETS

Tangible assets are stated at cost of acquisition including any attributable cost for bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any

Depreciation is provided on a pro - rata basis on written down value method using the rates prescribed in Schedule III of Companies Act, 2013

# D INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets are stated at acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any\_Intangible assets are amortized on a straight line basis over the estimated useful life. The amortization period and the amortization method are review at the end of each financial year. If the estimated useful life of such an asset is significantly different from the previous estimates, the amortization period is changed accordingly.

# g) IMPAIRMENTS

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal / external factors. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset inet selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value at the weighted cost of capital.

# h) REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the company, there is reasonable certainty of collection and it can

Revenue from services is recognized on an accrual basis when the related services are rendered as per the terms of the contract with the customer using the proportionate completion method

# i) FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS

The Company is not exposed to currency fluctuations on foreign currency transactions

Investments that are readily realizable and intended to be held for not more than a year are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified

Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value determined on an individual investment basis

Long-term investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognize a decline other than temporary in the value of

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# k) EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

i) Short term employee benefits

All short term employee benefits are recognized as an expense in the profit and loss account of the year in which the related services are rendered.

# ii) Post employment benefits

Long Term and other Employee Benefits are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss for the year in which services have been rendered The company does not have any post employment and other long term benefits except for gratuity. The company has not provided for gratuity expenses since the provisions of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 are not applicable with respect the number of employees and the number of years of service.

# I) BORROWING COST

Rogrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalized as part of the cost of such assets. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to revenue

# m) LEASES

## Where the Company is the lessee:

where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risk and benefits of ownership of the leased items are classified as operating leases. Lease payments under an operating lease, are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight line basis over the lease term,

# n) EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average numbers of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for bonus issue

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

# o) TAXATION

Current year's tax is determined as the amount of tax payable to the taxation authorities in respect of taxable income for the period. Deferred tax is recognized, subject to the consideration of pridence, on timing difference being differences between taxable incomes and accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. Deferred tax assets are not recognized unless there is a virtual certainty that sufficient taxable profits will be available against which such deferred assets can be realized.

The Company provides for income tax based on the liability computed in accordance with the provisions of the Income tax Act, 1961

Provision for Taxation is not set off against (ax payments but are accumulated and carried forward until the completion of the assessments

# p) PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a rehable estimate can be made

Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on best estimates required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Contingent liability is disclosed for (i) Possible obligation which will be confirmed only by future events not whofly within the control of the Company or (ii) Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made. Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realized

Contingent Liabilities are not provided for and are disclosed by way of notes

# q) Related Party Transactions

Key Managerial Personnel

Mrs Manjusha Paithankar (Director)

Mrs. Manisha Bhagare (Director)

Ms Sakshi Paithankar (Director)

Mr. Sachin Paithankar (Relative of Director)

# The Amount of Salary drawn during the FY 2018-19 by Key Managerial Personnel:

Sachin Paithankar

27 00 000

Manjusha Paithankar 27.00.000

# Transactions

Mrs. Manjusha Paithankar (Director)	
a) Opening balance	28,23,717
b) Loan Received during the year	56,25,000
c) Repayment during the year	75,00,000
d) balance at the end of the year	9,48,717

Mrs. Manisha Bhagare (Director)	
a) Opening balance	7,00,000
b) Loan Received during the year	
c) Repayment during the year	7,00,000
d) balance at the end of the year	

Ms.Sakshi Paithankar (Director)	
a) Opening balance	2
b) Loan Received during the year	10,00,000
c) Repayment during the year	10,00,000
d) balance at the end of the year	

Sachin Paithankar (Relative of Director)	
a) Opening balance	7,35,000
b) Loan Received during the year	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
c) Repayment during the year	7,35,000
d) balance at the end of the year	-

Imperalabs Infotech Private Limited (Associate Company)	
a) Loan given during the year	13,72,500
b) Shares held (4800 equity shares of Rs. 10 each)	48,000

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# NOTES ANNEXED TO AND FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE BALANCE SHEET IMPERATIVE BUSINESS VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED

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Particulars	As at 31 March, 2019	2010	Ac at 31 March, 2018	loron X
		0, 2019	CAN GREAT AT	Idion, avev
	Number of shares	Rs.	Number of	Rs.
			Silaics	
(a) Authorised	50,00,000.00	5,00,00,00,000.00	5,00,000.00	50,00,000.00
Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each with voting rights			100	•
			10#31	ű
And I will be be a bound on a Dold un			24	×
(b) Issued, Subscribed and Fald up Fourty shares of Rs. 10 each with voting rights	10,000,000.00	1,00,00,00,000.00	5,00,000.00	50,00,000.00
			ì	
Total	10,00,000.00	1,00,00,00,000	5,00,000.00	50,00,000.00
List of Shareholders	f Shareholders holding more than 5% share capital	5% share capital		
Nome of Shareholders	No. of Shares	0%	Value/Share	Total Value
	949500	94.95	10	94,95,000.00
	949500	94.95		94,95,000.00

In terms of our report attached. For Mandar Joshi and Company

Chartered Accountants

Date: 5th September, 2019

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Managing Director

Director

MESS INTERPRESENTATIONS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

# IMPERATIVE BUSINESS VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED NOTES ANNEXED TO AND FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE BALANCE SHEET

# Note 2 RESERVES AND SURPLUS

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2019	As at 31 March, 2018
	Rs.	Rs.
(A) Securities premium account		
Opening balance		
Closing balance	e <del>s</del> d	₩).
(B) Surplus / (Deficit) in Statement of Profit and		
Loss		
Opening balance	51,31,134	(8,72,191)
Add: Profit / (Loss) for the year	48.52.834	60,03,325
	~	~
Closing balance	99,83,968	51,31,134
Total	99,83,968	51,31,134

# **Note 3 LONG TERM BORROWINGS**

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2019	As at 31 March, 2018
	Rs.	Rs.
Bank CC A/c		
12180152125 Car Loan-I (Marazzo M2)	11,24,125.00	8
12180152134- Car Loan-II (TUV 300T6)	8,48,024.00	2.0
Cosmos Bank 1216001055 (CC A/c)	61,25,545.04	39,95,083.33
Cosmos Bank 12165010107 (OD A/c)	3,30,43,722.94	36,08,409.30
Cosmos Bank 1218018019 (Term Loan-I)	83,73,386.00	73,74,373.00
Cosmos Bank -1218018028 (Term Loan-II)	67,89,691.00	181
Unsecured Loans		
Manisha Bhagare-Loan	-	7,00,000.00
Manjusha Paithankar Loan A/C	9,48,717.00	28,23,717.00
Sachin Paithankar Loan A/C		7,35,000.00
TOTAL	5,72,53,210.98	1,92,36,582.63

# **Note 4 TRADE PAYABLES**

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2019	As at 31 March, 2018
	Rs.	Rs.
Trade payables	16,07,524.74	8,90,731.78
Tota	16,07,524.74	8,90,731.78

# Note 5 OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Particulars Particulars	As at 31 March, 2019	As at 31 March, 2018	
	Rs.	Rs.	
Duties & Taxes	-		
CGST Payable	8,32,879.27	14,83,104.31	
Profession Tax Maharashtra	15,600.00	62,500.00	
SGST Payable	8,32,879.27	14,86,439.17	
TDS Payable	1,71,574.00	3,22,818.47	
Total	18,52,932.54	33,54,861.95	

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Note 6 SHORT TERM PROVISIONS

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2019	As at 31 March, 2018
	Rs.	Rs.
Provision for Tax	23,06,309.00	-
Housekeeping Charges Payable	-	7,028.00
Audit Fee Payable	60,000.00	1,27,500.00
Cam Salary Arrears	-	-
ESIC (Employees State Insurance)	58,627.00	31,362.00
Incentive Payable	1,10,139.00	Ē
Maharashtra Labour Welfare Fund	-	2,208.00
Conveyance Payable	-	51,336.00
Professional Fee Payable-CA	-	65,000.00
Provident Fund	1,70,390.00	1,10,738.00
Retention Money Payable -SMP	-	=
Electricity Charges Payable	-	68,303.00
Retention (Prof Tax Wages)		1,87,790.67
Jay Pandya - Advance	2,820.00	*
Salary Payable A/c	37,94,881.00	22,18,630.00
Salary Payable (Andheri Staff Retention)	7,538.00	
Staff Welfare Exp Payable	-	16,003.00
TW Arears Payable	43,330.00	_
p recent	Total 65,54,034.00	28,85,898.67

In terms of our report attached.

For Mandar Joshi and Company

Chartered Accountants

Place: Thane

Date: 5th September, 2019

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**Managing Director** 

Director

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# Note 7 Fixed Assets

		GROSS BLOCK			DEPRECIATION	7	NET BLOCK	LOCK
ASSETS	Opening		Closing	Opening		Closing	Current	Previous
	Balance	Additions	Balance	Balance	Additions	Balance	Year	Year
Air Condition	4,23,038.00	6,02,621.18	10,25,659 18	1.08.060.00	1,39,416.39	2,47,476.39	7.78.182.79	3.14.978.00
IV		2,35,144.30	2,35,144,30	×	6.575 98	6,575 98	2,28,568 32	,
Refrigerator		1,11,578.00	1,11,578 00	1.	8,072 68	8,072.68	1,03,505,32	
Computer & Printers	69,12,769,00	45,37,419.00	1,14,50,188.00	22,62,851.90	40,55,950.05	63.18.801 95	51.31.386.05	46.49.917.10
EPBAX & CCCTV	3,52,727,28	4,21,752.85	7,74,480 13	99.322.74	1.83,077.55	2,82,400 29	4.92,079 84	2.53,404.54
Furniture - Andheri	15,90,599 84	1,45,892,00	17,36,491 84	2,26,382,00	3.78.279.22	6,04,661 22	11,31,830,62	13,64,217.84
Furniture - Kalyan	1,21,800 00	æ	1,21,800 00	17,335 00	27.045 99	44,380 99	77,419.01	1.04.465.00
Furniture - Mulund	5,27,286,00		5,27,286.00	1.26.483.30	1,03,767.82	2,30,251 2	2.97.034.88	4.00.802.70
Furniture - Panvel	47,000 00		47,000.00	00 069 9	10,436.26	17,126.26	29,873.74	40,310.00
Fumiture- Thane		35,87,484,68	35,87,484,68		3,10,803.88	3.10.803 88	32,76,680,80	
Inverter and UPS	4,55,240.00	5.87.500.00	10,42,740,00	1.00.049.00	1,40,538,60	2,40,587 60	8.02,152,40	3.55.191.00
Machines & Equipments	49,527.20	4,64,234,41	5,13,761.61	1,352 10	1,36,233,33	1.37.585 43	3.76.176.18	48.175.10
Electrical Fittings (Asset)	18,50,000 00	5,63,554.36	24,13,554.36	2.86.484.90	4,49,967.58	7.36.452 ±8	16.77.101.88	15 63 515 10
Scanner -Andheri	1,08,600 00	63	1,08,600,00	51,497.92	36,064.99	87,562 91	21.037.09	57,102.08
Scanner - Mulund	3,34,325 00		3,34,325 00	1,92,935 00	89,301.92	2.82.236 92	52.088.08	1.41.390.00
Server	1.15.000 00	15,81,799 97	16,96,799.97	35.960.00	4,19,833.81	4.55,793.81	12.41.006.16	79 040 00
Software Development	12,47,802 00	52,54,648.00	65.02,450.00	1,07,847 00	7.97.550.51	9.05.397 51	55.97.052.49	11 39 955 00
Vehicle-Car		12,64,497.00	12,64,497 00		36,910 00	36,910 00	12.27.587.00	
Vehicle-Car	•	10,78,286 00	10,78,285 00	×	31,461.00	31,461 00	10.46.825.00	254
Total	1,41,35,714.32	2,04,36,411,75	3,45,72,126,07	36.23.250.86	73 61 287 56	1 09 84 538 17	2 35 87 587 65	1 05 12 463 46

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Community of the same Managing Director

Director WUMBAI

As per our report of even date attached For Mandar Joshi and Company Chartered Accountant Place Thane Date: 5th September, 2019

# IMPERATIVE BUSINESS VENTURES PRIVATE LIMITED Note 8 CURRENT INVESTMENTS

Particulars	A	s at 31 March, 2019	As at 31 March, 2018
		Rs.	Rs.
Fixed Deposit (Cosmos)			
FD No. 121150102790		3,00,000	3,00,000
FD No. 121150102882		5,00,000	5,00,000
FD No. 121150102912		4,00,000	4,00,000
FD No. 121150103223	1	50,00,000	
FD No. 121150103230	- 1	25,00,000	馬
FD No. 121150103247 (2684)	- 1	15,00,000	15,00,000
FD No. 121150103278	- 1	35,00,000	2
FD No.121150103384 (2707)	- 1	4,00,000	4,00,000
FD No. 121150103537	- 1	35,00,000	*
FD No. 121150103544	1	3,00,000	
FD No. 121150103636	1	40,00,000	2
FD No. 121150103681	1	50,00,000	-
FD No.121150103773		39,00,000	<u> </u>
FD No.121150103780 (2844)	- 1	5,00,000	5,00,000
FD No. 121150103797 (2868)		7,00,000	7,00,000
FD No. 121150103803 (2875)		3,00,000	3,00,000
FD NO. 121150103926		37,80,000	30
FD No. 121150103933	1	4,00,000	200
FD No. 1212001038368	1	50,000	50,000
FD No. 1212001038465	1	2,27,251	2.12,325
FD No. 1212001038474	1	2,31,827	2,16,600
FD No. 1212001048967	- 1	2,70,000	rav
FD No. 1212001049665	- 1	1.11.000	4.5
Imperalab Infotech Pvt Ltd	- 1	48,000	
Recurring Deposit 121250106736 ( 30000)	1	3,71,324	30
Recurring Deposit 121250107597 ( 30000)		1,83,667	
Recurring Deposit 121250108136(30000)		60,327	
Recurring Deposit (RD 20000)		0.70	1,42,481
Shares of Cosmos Bank		2,10,000	1,00,000
	Total	3,82,43,396	53,21,406

# **Note 9 TRADE RECEIVABLES**

Particulars	As	at 31 March, 2019 Rs.	As at 31 March, 2018 Rs.
Sundry Debtors		61,31,642	1,13,52,755
	Total	61,31,642	1,13,52,755

# Note 10 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Particulars	As at	31 March, 2019	As at 31 March, 2018
		Rs.	Rs.
Bank Accounts			
Cosmos Bank 12110010480 CA		28,46,840	31,42,266
Cosmos Bank 12110010620 (Sanman)		22,526	58,860
ICICI Bank 098805000413		14,47,806	13,153
YES Bank		27,941	28,765
Cash-in-Hand		1	
Cash			
Cash -Sanman		10,759	10,759
Petty Cash (Andheri)			3,665
Petty Cash (Kalyan )		2,173	2,836
Petty Cash ( Mulund Office)		7,623	4,064
Petty Cash ( Panvel)	of the second	2,062	
1	Total	43,67,731	32,64,368

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Note 11 SHORT TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES

Particulars	As at 3	31 March, 2019	As at 31 March, 2018
		Rs.	Rs.
Deposits (Asset)			
Deposit for Office Premises	1		4,35,000
Deposit - Ajay Ramani	1	2,18,031	Ħ
Deposit - Amar Gelhot (Panvel Office)	1	30,000	30,000
Deposit - Atul Ramani	1	2,17,500	
Deposit - Bislery Bottle	1	2,100	1,500
Deposit- Dhan Vallabh (Kalyan Office)	1	1,08,000	1,08,000
Deposit -Manjusha Paithankar	ı	60,000	*
Deposit - Pavitra Infotech	I	17,20,000	æ
Deposit-Sachin Paithankar		60,000	· · ·
Deposit- Shyam Sunder & Sons	1	8,66,400	8,66,400
Deposits-MTNL	1	1,000	-21
Deposit - Sunil Corporation	1	8,49,300	8,49,300
Deposit - Tata Power (Shyam Sunder)	8	21,660	(#e
Advance to Employees	1	re:	
Madhavi Phadke Adv	1	2,000	
Anand Puranic - Advance		4,51,187	
Imperalab Infotech Pvt Ltd (Loan)	1	13,72,500	
Kalpana Kanhere - Advance		2,10,500	4
Chandrakant Sahu- Advance	2	-	10,437
Hemlata Pawar- Loan	•	2	1,00,000
Advance to Jay Pandya			1.780
Advance- Manjusha Paithankar	ì	2	54,393
Advance- Sachin Paithankar		-	2,53,377
Vibha Bhagare	ł		46.760
Sujata Joshi	1		30,254
Advance to Creditors		3,53,501	
	l'otal	65,43,679	27,87,201

# **Note 12 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS**

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2019	As at 31 March, 2018
	Rs.	Rs.
Accrued Interest on FD	30,884	14,749
Deferred Tax Asset	2,12,404	58,311
MAT Credit		2,01,040
Prepaid Expense	52,166	53,206
Tds Receivable (Ass Year 2018-19)	16,57,014	29,33.710
TDS Receivable (Ass Year 2019-20)	64,25,167	
Tota	83,77,635	32,61,016

In terms of our report attached.

For Mandar Joshi and Company

Chartered Accountants

Place: Thane

Date: 5th September, 2019

27 - Francis Superior For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Managing Director

ESS VEN

MUMBAI

# **Note 13 REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS**

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March, 2019	For the year ended 31 March, 2018
	Rs.	Rs.
Sale of Products/ Services		
Net Sales 5%	53,200	3,94,030
EXPORT SALE	2,67,715	
Net Sales @ 18 %	7,13,70,336	3,60,04,199
Cash Sales	8	4,63,175
Sanman Receipts	22,09,446	
Total - Sales	7,39,00,697	3,68,61,404

# **Note 14 OTHER INCOME**

Particulars		For the year ended 31 March, 2018	For the year ended 31 March, 2017
		Rs.	Rs.
Interest on FD		12,22,381	2,71,182
Interest (TDS Ded) on FD	- 1	1,35,821	563.
Penalty Recovery		3,59,017	94
Discount	- 1	76,443	11,219
Excess Provision W/off	- 1	1,16,232	20,59,912
Miscellaneous Receipts	- 1	1,31,914	2,65,349
	Total	20,41,808	26,07,662

# Note 15 COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March, 2019	For the year ended 31 March, 2018
	Rs.	Rs.
Direct Expenses Atta Expense (Sanman)	17,62,860	3,50,603
Cost of material consumed	17,62,860	3,50,603

# Note 16 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

Particulars	For the year ended 31	For the year ended 31
	March, 2019	March, 2018
	Rs.	Rs.
Salaries & Wages	3,46,48,987	72,94,109
Incentive to Staff	1,04,162	€
Staff Training Exp	1,37,058	11.5
Staff Welfare	5,57,954	4,96,327
Total	3,54,48,161	77,90,436

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# Note 17 FINANCE COST

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March, 2019	For the year ended 31 March, 2018
	Rs.	Rs.
Bank Charges	24,780	1,90,740
Bank Interest Charges	3€	
Bank Interest on Carloan-2125(Marazzo)	7,652	
Bank Interest on Carloan 2134(TUV300)	5,773	
Bank Interest on CC -1055	2,90,193	2,22,480
Bank Interest on OD (0107)	12,18,321	1,55,371
Bank Interest on Term LoanII (8028)	1,49,632	2,26,742
Bank Interest on T/L (8019)	9,85,106	(4)
Total	26,81,457.20	7,95,332,63

M-4- 10	OTHER	EVDI	KIRSE	c
Note 18	CHILLIS	PXPE	NO.	3

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March, 2019	For the year ended 31 March, 2018
	Rs.	Rs.
Advertising Expenses	34,000.00	30,000,00
Annual Maintenance Contract (AMC)	35,666 67	
Atta Delivery Charge	6,840.00	: *:
Audit Fee	60,000_00	30,000.00
Business Promotion		1,32,410.00
Complimentry Gifts & Donation	2,33,338,26	12
Consultancy Charges	6,15,527.65	2,15,117.57
Conveyance	3,67,366.97	5,55,167.00
ommission for Rent		5,71,900_00
Computer Expenses	9	87,031,70
Dispatch Charge (IBL)	1,64,485.00	
Designing Charges	18	50 000 00
Domain Renewal Charges	54	4,329.00
Electrical Fittings (Expense)	39,675.75	1,45,431.00
Electricity (Aircondition Charge-TKP)	11,51,139.00	9,96,243.00
Electricity Charges	12,49,720,00	
Exchange Gain/loss	5,642.00	×
GPTW Dispatch	1,200,00	×
House Keeping Expense	2,88,342,17	2,19,887 48
Input SBC @ 0.5%	587	3,085.00
Insurance Expense	75,890.20	28,272 19
Internet Charges	10,38,318 02	3,87,099.23
Interst / Penalty on GST & TDS	91 107 53	
Legal Charges	16,650,00	2,060.00
Medical Exp	1,02,822.20	14,547.0
Miscellaneous Expenses	341	18,126.28
Mobile Charge (Airtel)	6,577 16	-
Mobile Charge (Vodofone)	9,324,70	-
Newpaper Subscripiton	2,708.00	
Office Expense	2,36,296,52	1,11,537.4
Over Time (OT)	16,854.00	I -
Pest Control Expense	13,825 00	3.375.0
Petrol/Diesel - Marazzo	3,500,00	(5)
Petrol/Diesel - TUV300	17,695.00	
Petrol Expenses	3,811,00	
Printing & Stationery	5,33,080.31	
Profession Tax Company	5	62,500.0
Professional Fees	3,39,722_43	
Registration & Other Fees (ROC, Shops Estburnt, NSI	7,34,977,16	
RENT	1,12,83,722.06	
Repairs and Maintenance	2,06,553.00	
Round Off	9.90	1
Security Charges	2,42,000.00	
Soceity Maintenance Charge	56,499.00	
Software Expense	2,60,966 56	
Stipend & Appeinticeship	*	93,80,639.8
Administrative charges	*	1,00,005.0
Telephone Charges	2,53,834 72	
Toll Charges	2,028 00	
Transport/Travel & Courier Charges	80,327.91	
Vahan Verification Cost	1,55,050.00	
Water Charges	1,68,858,88	
Total	2,02,05,952.73	2,15,35,805.8

In terms of our report attached.

For Mandar Joshi and Company

lage: Thane Date: 5th September, 2019 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Managing Director THANE

Director

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